



## EMS System for Metropolitan Oklahoma City and Tulsa 2018 Medical Control Board Treatment Protocols

**PROTOCOL 17B, Table: Categorization of Hospitals**  
Review and Approval 3/14/18, Effective 6/1/18, replaces all prior versions

### Categorized Hospitals—Tulsa (Levels of Emergency Services)

Hospital	General Medical	Adult Stroke	Trauma	Ped. Medical	Ped. Trauma	Cardiology	Burns	Heli. Pad	Hyperbaric Chamber	Level I Cardiac Arrest Center
Hillcrest Medical Center	I	I	III	II	III	I	*	Yes		Yes
St. Francis Hospital	I	I	II	I	I	I		Yes		Yes
St. John Medical Center	I	I	II	II	II	I		Yes		Yes
OSUMC	I	II	III	III	III	I		Yes	Yes	Yes
Hillcrest Hospital South	II	III	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
St. Francis South	III	III	III	III	III	III		Yes		No
St. John Broken Arrow	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
St. John Owasso	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
St. John Sapulpa	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
Bailey Medical Center	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No

### Categorized Hospitals--Oklahoma City(Levels of Emergency Services)

Hospital	General Medical	Adult Stroke	Trauma	Ped. Medical	Ped. Trauma	Cardiology	Burns	Heli. Pad	Hyperbaric Chamber	Level I Cardiac Arrest Center
Baptist Medical Center	I	I	III	I	III	I	*	Yes	Yes	Yes
OUMC -Childrens Tower	I	N/A	N/A	I	II	I	**	Yes		No
Deaconess Hospital	I	II	III	III	III	I		No		Yes
OUMC - Edmond	II	IV	III	III	III	II		Yes		No
Community Hospital	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		No		No
Mercy Health Center	II	I	III	III	III	II		Yes		No
Midwest City Regional Hospital	II	III	III	III	III	II		Yes		Yes
Moore Community Hospital	II	III	IV	III	III	III		No		No
Norman Regional Medical Center	II	II	IV	III	III	II		Yes		No
OMC Presbyterian Tower	I	I	I	III	I	I		Yes		Yes
Southwest Medical Center	I	II	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
St. Anthony Hospital	I	II	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
Canadian Valley Regional Hospital	II	III	III	III	III	II		No		No
OK Heart Hospital North	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	I		Yes		Yes
OK Heart Hospital South	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	I		Yes		Yes
HealthPlex Specialty Hospital, Norman, Ok	II	II	IV	III	III	II		Yes		No
Integris Health - Edmond	II	II	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
St. Anthony Healthplexes (Free Standing EDs)***	III	III	IV	IV	IV	III		No		No



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#### Specialty Hospitals, Healthcare Facilities, and Additional Service Capabilities

Veterans Administration Hospital OKC	Predominately a medical and surgical facility for the veteran population. The Veterans Administration Hospital is capable of managing patients with complex medical illnesses and non-Priority 1 traumatic injuries.
Bone and Joint Hospital OKC	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility; Level IV Trauma Center
Oklahoma Heart Hospital (North & South Campus) OKC	Predominately a medical and surgical facility for Priority I and II assigned and unassigned patients with cardiac related symptoms.
OUMedical Center, Presbyterian Tower (Dean McGee Eye Institute) OKC	OUMC is affiliated with Dean McGee Eye Institute. Patients with isolated ocular trauma with loss of vision, change in the appearance of the eye, or severe ocular pain should be transported to OUMC Presbyterian Tower for most expeditious access to ocular services.
OUMedical Center, Everett Tower OKC	Labor and Delivery Services should only receive pregnant women with an obstetrical complaint and a gestational period greater than 20 weeks.
McBride Clinic Orthopedic Hospital OKC	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility; Level IV Trauma Center
Level I Cardiac Arrest Center	Cardiac intervention capabilities including a Cardiac Cath Lab and an interventional cardiologist available 24 hours a day, seven days a week; a therapeutic hypothermia method to cool the patient for at least 12 hours after a cardiac arrest.
Center for Orthopedic Reconstruction & Excellence (CORE), Jenks	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility that should only receive surgical related patients with a chief complaint related to a scheduled surgery at CORE within the next 7 days or a surgery that was performed at CORE within the past 30 days. The patient's surgeon (or the call coverage surgeon) must be contacted and agree to accept the patient at CORE's "Emergency Department" prior to EMSA transport.
Oklahoma Surgical Hospital (OSH) Tulsa	Predominately a surgical referral facility that should only receive surgical related patients with a chief complaint related to a scheduled surgery at OSH within the next 7 days or a surgery that was performed at OSH within the past 30 days. The patient's surgeon (or the call coverage specialist partner) must be contacted and agree to accept the patient at OSH's "Emergency Department" prior to EMSA transport..
Tulsa Spine & Select Specialty Hospital	Predominately an orthopedic & neurosurgical referral facility that should only receive surgical related patients with a chief complaint related to a scheduled surgery at Tulsa Spine & Select Specialty Hospital within the next 7 days or a surgery that was performed at Tulsa Spine & Select Specialty Hospital within the past 30 days. The patient's surgeon (or the call coverage surgeon) must be contacted and agree to accept the patient at Tulsa Spine & Select Specialty Hospital's "Emergency Department" prior to EMSA transport.
HealthPlex Specialty Hospital, Norman	HealthPlex Specialty Hospital, Norman, OK, has labor and delivery services for patients in labor.
Integris Lakeside Women's Hospital OKC	Predominately a labor and delivery hospital for assigned patients



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<p><b>St. Anthony Healthplex</b></p>	<p>Typical emergency department capabilities exist, though no post-emergency department care (surgery, cardiac cath, inpatient care) is available on-site. These facilities should be bypassed for a hospital-based emergency department when the patient's symptoms, exam, and/or diagnostics such as 12-lead ECG indicate the patient most likely requires very urgent or emergent intervention by a specialty physician that is hospital-based (eg. cardiac cath, surgery). Examples of typical transports allowed include: minor head trauma with no or brief LOC; MVC or falls with low suspicion for internal injury and normal vital signs; minor isolated/closed orthopedic injury; epistaxis; respiratory infections; dental injury/illness; fever in pediatrics and young adult (without hypotension/suspected sepsis); chest pain in patients less than 35 years of age, without ST elevation or depression on 12-lead ECG, and without coronary disease history; HTN illness; abdominal pain with normal vital signs and suspected non-surgical cause; genitourinary illness (infections, kidney stones, vaginal bleeding non-pregnant), neurological illness (headaches, seizure (non-status) with seizure history), psychiatric illness, allergic reactions, minor burns, dermal rashes, and MCI "green" patients.</p>
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#### Special Considerations

*	<b>Burn Center. Burns associated with Priority I Trauma should be transported to Level I or II Trauma Centers</b>
**	<b>Pediatric Burn Center. Burns associated with Priority I Trauma should be transported to Level I or II Trauma Centers</b>
***	<b>See comments above for Freestanding EDs</b>