



EMS System for Metropolitan Oklahoma City and Tulsa 2016 Medical Control Board Treatment Protocols

PROTOCOL 17B, Table: Categorization of Hospitals
Approved 7/13/16, Effective 10/1/16, replaces all prior versions

Categorized Hospitals—Tulsa (Levels of Emergency Services)

Hospital	General Medical	Adult Stroke	Trauma	Ped. Medical	Ped. Trauma	Cardiology	Burns	Heli. Pad	Hyperbaric Chamber	Level I Cardiac Arrest Center
Hillcrest Medical Center	I	I	III	II	III	I	*	Yes		Yes
St. Francis Hospital	I	I	II	I	I	I		Yes		Yes
St. John Medical Center	I	I	II	II	II	I		Yes		Yes
OSUMC	I	II	III	III	III	I		Yes	Yes	Yes
Hillcrest Hospital South	II	IV	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
St. Francis South	III	III	III	III	III	III		Yes		No
St. John Broken Arrow	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
St. John Owasso	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
St. John Sapulpa	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
Bailey Medical Center	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		Yes		No

Categorized Hospitals--Oklahoma City(Levels of Emergency Services)

Hospital	General Medical	Adult Stroke	Trauma	Ped. Medical	Ped. Trauma	Cardiology	Burns	Heli. Pad	Hyperbaric Chamber	Level I Cardiac Arrest Center
Baptist Medical Center	I	I	III	I	III	I	*	Yes	Yes	Yes
OUMC -Childrens Tower	I	N/A	N/A	I	II	I	**	Yes		No
Deaconess Hospital	I	II	III	III	III	I		No		Yes
OUMC - Edmond	II	IV	III	III	III	II		Yes		No
Community Hospital	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	III		No		No
Mercy Health Center	II	I	III	III	III	II		Yes		No
Midwest City Regional Hospital	II	III	III	III	III	II		Yes		No
Moore Community Hospital	II	III	IV	III	III	III		No		No
Norman Regional Medical Center	II	II	IV	III	III	II		Yes		No
OMC Presbyterian Tower	I	I	I	III	I	I		Yes		Yes
Southwest Medical Center	I	II	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
St. Anthony Hospital	I	II	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
Canadian Valley Regional Hospital	II	III	III	III	III	II		No		No
OK Heart Hospital North	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	I		Yes		Yes
OK Heart Hospital South	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	I		Yes		Yes
HealthPlex Specialty Hospital, Norman, Ok	II	II	IV	III	III	II		Yes		No
Integris Health - Edmond	II	II	III	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
St. Anthony Healthplexes (Free Standing EDs)***	III	III	IV	IV	IV	III		No		No



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Categorized Specialty Hospitals or Facilities

Veterans Administration Hospital	Predominately a medical and surgical facility for the veteran population. The Veterans Administration Hospital is capable of managing patients with complex medical illnesses and traumatic injuries.
Bone and Joint Hospital	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility; Level IV Trauma Center
Oklahoma Heart Hospital (North and South Campus)	Predominately a medical and surgical facility for Priority I and II assigned and unassigned patients with chest pain suggestive of ischemia or patients with signs and symptoms of acute coronary syndrome
Oklahoma Medical Center, Presbyterian Tower	The emergency department at Presbyterian Hospital has twenty (24) hour a day coverage by physician and nursing staff with experience in isolated ocular trauma. Patients with isolated ocular trauma with loss of vision, change in the appearance of the eye, or ocular pain should be transported to Oklahoma Medical Center, Presbyterian Tower for initial evaluation
Oklahoma Medical Center, Everett Tower	Oklahoma Medical Center-Everett Tower, Labor and Delivery Services should only receive pregnant women with an obstetrical complaint and a gestational period greater than 20 weeks.
McBride Clinic Orthopedic Hospital	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility; Level IV Trauma Center
Level I Cardiac Arrest Center	Cardiac intervention capabilities including a Cardiac Cath Lab and an interventional cardiologist available 24 hours a day, seven days a week; a therapeutic hypothermia method to cool the patient for at least 12 hours after a cardiac arrest; coordinated approach to cardiac care with local emergency medical personnel.
HealthPlex Specialty Hospital, Norman, Ok	HealthPlex Specialty Hospital, Norman, OK, has labor and delivery services for patients in labor.
St. Anthony Healthplex	Typical emergency department capabilities exist, though no post-emergency department care (surgery, cardiac cath, inpatient care) is available on-site. St. Anthony health system presently operates a dedicated ambulance transport service to handle interfacility transfers between these Healthplex campuses and St. Anthony Hospital in central OKC. These facilities should be bypassed for a hospital-based emergency department when the patient's symptoms, exam, and/or diagnostics such as 12-lead ECG indicate the patient most likely requires very urgent or emergent intervention by a specialty physician that is hospital-based (eg. cardiac cath, surgery). Examples of typical transports allowed include: minor head trauma with no or brief LOC; MVC or falls with low suspicion for internal injury and normal vital signs; minor isolated/closed orthopedic injury; epistaxis; respiratory infections; dental injury/illness; fever in pediatrics and young adult (without hypotension/suspected sepsis); chest pain in patients less than 35 years of age, without ST elevation or depression on 12-lead ECG, and without coronary disease history; HTN illness; abdominal pain with normal vital signs and suspected non-surgical cause; genitourinary illness (infections, kidney stones, vaginal bleeding non-pregnant), neurological illness (headaches, seizure (non-status) with seizure history), psychiatric illness, allergic reactions, minor burns, dermal rashes, and MCI "green" patients.

Special Considerations

*	Burn Center. Burns associated with Priority I Trauma should be transported to Level I or II Trauma Centers
**	Pediatric Burn Center. Burns associated with Priority I Trauma should be transported to Level I or II Trauma Centers
***	See comments above for Freestanding EDs