



EMS System for Metropolitan Oklahoma City and Tulsa 2018 Medical Control Board Treatment Protocols

PROTOCOL 17B, Table: Categorization of Hospitals
Review and Approval 7/11/2018, Effective 9/1/18, replaces all prior versions

Categorized Hospitals—Tulsa (Levels of Emergency Services)

Hospital	General Medical	Adult Stroke	Trauma	Neonatal	Ped. Medical	Ped. Trauma	Cardiology	Burns	Heli. Pad	Hyperbaric Chamber	Level I Cardiac Arrest Center
Bailey Medical Center	IV	IV	IV	N/A	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
Hillcrest Medical Center	I	I	III	II	II	III	I	*	Yes		Yes
Hillcrest Hospital South	II	II	III	N/A	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
OSUMC	I	II	III	N/A	III	III	I		Yes	Yes	Yes
Saint Francis Hospital	I	I	II	I	I	II	I		Yes		Yes
Saint Francis South	III	III	III	II	III	III	III		Yes		No
Saint Francis Healthplex Glenpool	III	III	IV	N/A	IV	IV	III		No		No
St. John Medical Center	I	I	II	I	II	II	I		Yes		Yes
St. John Broken Arrow	IV	IV	IV	N/A	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
St. John Owasso	IV	IV	IV	II	IV	IV	III		Yes		No
St. John Sapulpa	IV	IV	IV	N/A	IV	IV	III		Yes		No

Categorized Hospitals--Oklahoma City (Levels of Emergency Services)

Hospital	General Medical	Adult Stroke	Trauma	Neonatal	Ped. Medical	Ped. Trauma	Cardiology	Burns	Heli. Pad	Hyperbaric Chamber	Level I Cardiac Arrest Center
AllianceHealth Deaconess Hospital	I	II	III	N/A	III	III	I		No		Yes
AllianceHealth Midwest City Hospital	II	III	III	N/A	III	III	II		Yes		Yes
The Children's Hospital	I	N/A	N/A	I	I	II	I	**	Yes		No
Community Hospital	IV	IV	IV	N/A	IV	IV	III		No		No
Integrus Baptist Medical Center	I	I	III	I	I	III	I	*	Yes	Yes	Yes
Integrus Canadian Valley Hospital	II	III	III	II	III	III	II		No		No
Integrus Health Edmond	II	III	III	N/A	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
Integrus Southwest Medical Center	I	II	III	N/A	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
Mercy Hospital – Oklahoma City	II	I	III	I	III	III	II		Yes		No
Norman Regional Hospital	II	II	III	N/A	III	III	I		Yes		No
Norman Regional HealthPlex	II	II	III	N/A	III	III	II		Yes		Yes
Norman Regional Moore	II	III	IV	N/A	III	III	III		No		No
OU Edmond	II	IV	III	N/A	III	III	II		Yes		No
OU Medical Center	I	I	I	N/A	III	I	I		Yes		Yes
St. Anthony Hospital	I	II	III	II	III	III	I		Yes		Yes
OK Heart Hospital North	NA	NA	NA	N/A	NA	NA	I		Yes		Yes
OK Heart Hospital South	NA	NA	NA	N/A	NA	NA	I		Yes		Yes
St. Anthony Healthplexes (Free Standing EDs)***	III	III	IV	N/A	IV	IV	III		No		No

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Specialty Hospitals, Healthcare Facilities, and Additional Service Capabilities

Veterans Administration Hospital OKC	Predominately a medical and surgical facility for the veteran population. The Veterans Administration Hospital is capable of managing patients with complex medical illnesses and non-Priority 1 traumatic injuries.
Bone and Joint Hospital OKC	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility; Level IV Trauma Center
Oklahoma Heart Hospital (North & South Campus) OKC	Predominately a medical and surgical facility for Priority I and II assigned and unassigned patients with cardiac related symptoms.
OU Medical Center, (Dean McGee Eye Institute) OKC	OUMC is affiliated with Dean McGee Eye Institute. Patients with isolated ocular trauma with loss of vision, change in the appearance of the eye, or severe ocular pain should be transported to OUMC Presbyterian Tower for most expeditious access to ocular services.
OU Medical Center, OKC	Labor and Delivery Services should only receive pregnant women with an obstetrical complaint and a gestational period greater than 20 weeks.
McBride Clinic Orthopedic Hospital OKC	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility; Level IV Trauma Center
Level I Cardiac Arrest Center	Cardiac intervention capabilities including a Cardiac Cath Lab and an interventional cardiologist available 24 hours a day, seven days a week; a therapeutic hypothermia method to cool the patient for at least 12 hours after a cardiac arrest.
Center for Orthopedic Reconstruction & Excellence (CORE), Jenks	Predominately an orthopedic referral facility that should only receive surgical related patients with a chief complaint related to a scheduled surgery at CORE within the next 7 days or a surgery that was performed at CORE within the past 30 days. The patient's surgeon (or the call coverage surgeon) must be contacted and agree to accept the patient at CORE's "Emergency Department" prior to EMSA transport. The patient and/or patient representative (eg. family) has the responsibility to provide the treating EMS personnel the contact number for the surgeon/physician at CORE. The EMSA Communications Center will attempt to contact that surgeon/physician at CORE on a recorded line. If no answer from the surgeon/physician at CORE within 10 (TEN) minutes of attempted notification, an alternate destination shall be selected to promote efficient scene time.
Oklahoma Surgical Hospital (OSH) Tulsa	Predominately a surgical referral facility that should only receive surgical related patients with a chief complaint related to a scheduled surgery at OSH within the next 7 days or a surgery that was performed at OSH within the past 30 days. The patient's surgeon (or the call coverage specialist partner) must be contacted and agree to accept the patient at OSH's "Emergency Department" prior to EMSA transport. The patient and/or patient representative (eg. family) has the responsibility to provide the treating EMS personnel the contact number for the surgeon/physician at OSH. The EMSA Communications Center will attempt to contact that surgeon/physician at OSH on a recorded line. If no answer from the surgeon/physician at OSH within 10 (TEN) minutes of attempted notification, an alternate destination shall be selected to promote efficient scene time.



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Tulsa Spine & Specialty Hospital (TSSH)	Predominately an orthopedic & neurosurgical referral facility that should only receive surgical related patients with a chief complaint related to a scheduled surgery at Tulsa Spine & Select Specialty Hospital within the next 7 days or a surgery that was performed at Tulsa Spine & Select Specialty Hospital within the past 30 days. The patient's surgeon (or the call coverage surgeon) must be contacted and agree to accept the patient at Tulsa Spine & Select Specialty Hospital's "Emergency Department" prior to EMSA transport. The patient and/or patient representative (eg. family) has the responsibility to provide the treating EMS personnel the contact number for the surgeon/physician at TSSH. The EMSA Communications Center will attempt to contact that surgeon/physician at TSSH on a recorded line. If no answer from the surgeon/physician at TSSH within 10 (TEN) minutes of attempted notification, an alternate destination shall be selected to promote efficient scene time.
Norman Regional HealthPlex	Norman Regional HealthPlex has labor and delivery services for patients in labor.
Integris Lakeside Women's Hospital OKC	Predominately a labor and delivery hospital for assigned patients
St. Anthony Healthplex, Saint Francis Healthplex-Glenpool	Typical emergency department capabilities exist, though no post-emergency department care (surgery, cardiac cath, inpatient care) is available on-site. These facilities should be bypassed for a hospital-based emergency department when the patient's symptoms, exam, and/or diagnostics such as 12-lead ECG indicate the patient most likely requires very urgent or emergent intervention by a specialty physician that is hospital-based (eg. cardiac cath, surgery). Examples of typical transports allowed include: minor head trauma with no or brief LOC; MVC or falls with low suspicion for internal injury and normal vital signs; minor isolated/closed orthopedic injury; epistaxis; respiratory infections; dental injury/illness; fever in pediatrics and young adult (without hypotension/suspected sepsis); chest pain in patients less than 35 years of age, without ST elevation or depression on 12-lead ECG, and without coronary disease history; HTN illness; abdominal pain with normal vital signs and suspected non-surgical cause; genitourinary illness (infections, kidney stones, vaginal bleeding non-pregnant), neurological illness (headaches, seizure (non-status) with seizure history), psychiatric illness, allergic reactions, minor burns, dermal rashes, and MCI "green" patients.

Special Considerations

*	Burn Center. Burns associated with Priority I Trauma should be transported to Level I or II Trauma Centers
**	Pediatric Burn Center. Burns associated with Priority I Trauma should be transported to Level I or II Trauma Centers
***	See comments above for Freestanding EDs